

**Figure 1:** Adjusted mean breathlessness intensity scores on a 0-10 numerical rating scale (NRS) in the 3 weeks before death by diagnosis (cardio-respiratory life-limiting illness or not) and functional status (≤40 or >40) having adjusted for age, sex and length of stay. 6,768 clients with 48,385 observations. People with a cardio-respiratory life-limiting illness had higher breathlessness intensity scores (adjusted mean 2.92 on a 0-10 NRS) than people with no documented cardio-respiratory diagnosis on each day (adjusted mean of 1.51; p=0.0001). This was seen in both AKPS groups (p <0.001 for each).