# PUNK AESTHETICS IN INDEPENDENT "NEW FOLK", 1990-2008

## John Encarnacao

Student No. 10388041

Master of Arts in Humanities and Social Sciences

University of Technology, Sydney

2009

#### Certificate of Authorship/Originality

I certify that the work in this thesis has not previously been submitted for a degree nor has it been submitted as part of requirements for a degree except as fully acknowledged within the text.

I also certify that the thesis is all my own work. Any help that I have received in my research work and the preparation of the thesis itself has been acknowledged. In addition, I certify that all information sources and literature used are indicated in the thesis.

Signature of Student

Production Note: Signature removed prior to publication.

#### Acknowledgements

I would like to thank my supervisor Tony Mitchell for his suggestions for reading towards this thesis (particularly for pointing me towards Webb) and for his reading of, and feedback on, various drafts and nascent versions presented at conferences. Collin Chua was also very helpful during a period when Tony was on leave; thank you, Collin.

Tony Mitchell and Kim Poole read the final draft of the thesis and provided some valuable and timely feedback. Cheers. Ian Collinson, Michelle Phillipov and Diana Springford each recommended readings; Zac Dadic sent some hard to find recordings to me from interstate; Andrew Khedoori offered me a show at 2SER-FM, where I learnt about some of the artists in this study, and where I had the good fortune to interview Dawn McCarthy; and Brendan Smyly and Diana Blom are valued colleagues of mine at University of Western Sydney who have consistently been up for robust discussions of research matters. Many thanks to you all.

My friend Stephen Creswell's amazing record collection has been readily available to me and has proved an invaluable resource. A hearty thanks! And most significant has been the support of my partner Zoë. Thanks and love to you for the many ways you helped to create a space where this research might take place.

John Encarnacao

18 March 2009

iii

## Table of Contents

Abstract		vi
I: Introduction		1
Frames	3	
An Introduction to New Folk	7	
Institutional Factors	10	
II: Genre - Folk and Punk		17
Folk	19	
Punk	28	
III: Genre - New Folk		35
New Folk in Australia and Elsewhere	42	
New Folk - a Brief Literature Review	46	
IV: The Broader Field		51
The Writing of History	51	
Canonicity	53	
Webb's `Milieu Cultures'	57	
The Anthology of American Folk Music	60	
The psych-folk and singer-songwriter		
material of the late sixties		
and early seventies	67	
Lo-fi and outsider artists	72	
V: Case Studies		74
Phonographic Art	74	
Will Oldham	77	
Kes	88	
Faun Fables	95	
VI: Conclusion: Punk Rock is Bunk Squawk		103

Appendix 1: Formal irregularities in recordings	
from the Anthology of American Folk Music	108
Bibliography	111
Discography	118
Filmography	122

### Abstract

Various commentators on punk (e.g. Laing 1985, Frith 1986, Goshert 2000, Reynolds 2005, Webb 2007) have remarked upon an essence or attitude which is much more central to it than any aspects of musical style. Through the analysis of specific recordings as texts, this study aims to deliver on this idea by suggesting that there is an entire generation of musicians working in the independent sphere creating music that combines resonances of folk music with demonstrable punk aesthetics.

Given that the cultural formations of folk and punk share many rhetorics of authenticity – inclusivity, community, anti-establishment ideals and, to paraphrase Bannister (2006: xxvi) 'technological dystopianism' – it is perhaps not surprising that some successors of punk and hardcore, particularly in the U.S., would turn to folk after the commercialisation of grunge in the early 1990s. But beyond this, a historical survey of the roots of new folk leads us to the conclusion that the desire for spontaneity rather than perfection, for recorded artefacts which affirm music as a participatory process rather than a product to be consumed, is at least as old as recording technology itself. The 'new folk' of the last two decades often mythologises a pre-industrial past, even as it draws upon comparatively recent oppositional approaches to the recording as artefact that range from those of Bob Dylan to obscure outsider artists and lo-fi indie rockers.

This study offers a survey of new folk which is overdue – to date, new folk has been virtually ignored by the academic literature. It considers the tangled lineages that inform this indie genre, in the process suggesting new aspects of the history of rock music which stretch all the way back to Depression-era recordings in the shape of Harry Smith's *Anthology of American Folk Music*. At the same time, it attempts to steer a middle course between cultural studies approaches to popular music which at times fail to directly address music at all, and musicological approaches which are at times in danger of abstracting minutae until the broader frame is completely lost. By concentrating on three aspects of the recordings in question - vocal approach, a broad

consideration of sound (inclusive of production values and timbre), and structure as it pertains to both individual pieces and albums – this work hopes to offer a fresh way of reading popular music texts which deals specifically with the music without losing sight of its broader function and context.