MEAGHAN MORRIS

History in Australian Popular Culture 1972-1995

VOLUME 1

HISTORY

IN AUSTRALIAN POPULAR CULTURE

1972-1995

by

MEAGHAN MORRIS

A thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in the Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences The University of Technology, Sydney

June 1996

CERTIFICATE

I certify that this thesis has not already been submitted for any degree and is not being submitted as part of candidature for any other degree.

I also certify that the thesis has been written by me and that any help that I have received in preparing this thesis, and all sources used, have been acknowledged in this thesis.

Signature of Candidate

Production Note: Signature removed prior to publication. For

KEITH MORRIS

1920-1982

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This thesis has taken six long, busy years to complete. My first thanks must go to my supervisor, Stephen Muecke, for his help and his tolerance all that time, and his friendship for much longer; to Ross Karavis, who made filling out forms a cheerful activity; and to Hilary Yerbury, Associate Dean of Research in the Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, to whom I owe a great many debts -- not least, her kind but effective pressure to finish the thesis and her unstinting assistance in making that possible.

If the thesis itself has taken six years, the chapters draw on more than decade of research and conversation. Many people have helped me directly with research materials, advice and information during this time; my thanks to Eric Campbell, Rolando Caputo, Michael Dean, John Docker, John Forbes, Louise Johnson, James Hay, Chris Hilton, Colin Hood, Pat Laughren, Jenny Lee, Rachel Moore, Joyce Morris, Andrew Naylor, Paul Patton (who first suggested in 1982 that I write about Sydney Tower), Gil Rodman, Elvira Sprogis, Michael Taussig, Paul Willemen and Ann Zahalka.

Conferences and seminars have been crucial in obliging me to socialise my ideas, focus my arguments and listen to other people. I am grateful to Sandra Buckley, Edward Bruner, Ross Chambers, Beatriz Colomina, Peter Garrett, Lawrence Grossberg, Ghassan Hage, Lesley Johnson, Stuart Koop, May Lam, Susan

i

Magarey, Julie Marcus, Ken Ruthven, Susan Sheridan, and Kathleen Woodward for invitations that enabled chaotic piles of notes to begin to take shape as chapters.

Many friends have read part or all of this thesis, in one form or another, or have talked problems through with me. I have had the great benefit of comment and criticism from David Bennett, Dipesh Chakrabarty, Kuan-Hsing Chen, Paul Foss, Anne Freadman, John Frow, Ross Gibson, Lawrence Grossberg, Elizabeth Grosz, Helen Grace, Donald Horne, Ian Hunter, Laleen Jayamanne, Adrian Martin, Brian Massumi, Patricia Mellencamp and Paul Willemen. André Frankovits is the best reader in the world, and an unfailing source of support, good food, and amusement.

Joyce and Keith Morris, my parents, always hoped that I would write a PhD some day. This thesis is dedicated to the memory of Keith Morris (1920-1982), bushman and life member of Bronte Surf Lifesaving Club, who gave me his love of history, the beach, and books.

* * * * *

In the first two chapters of the thesis, I revise essays written before my doctoral enrolment but necessary to my argument here; they were first published as "At <u>Henry Parkes</u> Motel", <u>Cultural Studies</u> 2/1 (1988), 1-47, and "Things To Do With Shopping Centres", <u>Grafts: Feminist Cultural Criticism</u> ed. Susan Sheridan (London: Verso, 1988), 193-225. First versions of other chapters have been published as "'On The

ii

Beach'", <u>Cultural Studies</u> ed. Lawrence Grossberg, Cary Nelson and Paula Treichler (New York: Routledge, 1992), 450-478;
"Great Moments in Social Climbing: King Kong and The Human Fly", <u>Sexuality and Space</u> ed. Beatriz Colomina (Princeton: Princeton University School of Architecture, 1992), 1-51;
"Ecstasy and Economics: A Portrait of Paul Keating", <u>Discourse</u> 14/3 (1992), 3-58. In parts of my Introduction, I draw on
"Metamorphoses at Sydney Tower", <u>New Formations</u> 11 (1990), 5-18, and "Life as A Tourist Object in Australia", <u>International Tourism: Identity and Change</u> ed. Marie-Françoise Lanfant, John B. Allcock and Edward M. Bruner (London: Sage, 1995), 177-191. The greater part of the Introduction, and Chapter Six ('Lunching for the Republic"), are unpublished.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Acknowledgments	
List of Illustrations	viii
Abstract	ix
Introduction: History in Cultural Studies	
History, "theory" and cultural studies	1
Period of study: 1972-1995	14
Case study: Sydney Tower	25
A brief review of relevant literature	37
History and the popular	42
Involvement: desire for history	46
Conclusion: "Where are we now?"	51
Notes	57
1. At Henry Parkes Motel	69
Brick Wall	69
The Glimpse	73
Scan	74
Quandary	77
Acceleration	79
<i>U-turn</i>	80
Tour	81
Being there	83
Domestic Pursuits	86
Voyage/home	89

Man/difference	93
Theory/tourism	96
Detective/nomad	102
Billboards	113
Notes	132

2.	Things To Do with Shopping Centres	138
	Managing change	141
	Difference and identity	143
	The Ordinary Woman	148
	Pedestrian notes on modernity	155
	Mall genres	167
	Users and designers	173
	A short history of Green Hills	177
	Things to do with history	183
	Shopping for repetition	189
	Notes	194

3. On the Beach	201
Home	202
The family romance	208
The obvious beach	216
Epiphany in Martin Pla	ace 227
The Ordinary Australia	an 232
Changing the culture	242
Notes	253

4.	Great Moments in Social Climbing	258
	Ego Thing	264
	Purity and mixity	269
	King Kong	274
	Evicting practice	284
	The Human Fly	294
	Strategy and Tactics	299
	Rivalry and simulation	307
	Home voyage	323
	Notes	329

5. Ecstasy and Economics: A Portrait of Paul

Keating	336
Faith	338
Description	341
Disciplined infallibility	346
Passion	352
Narrowness	358
Voice	364
Eroticising economics	369
Dream and Norm	377
Rationality	383
Love	391
Infinity	399
Notes	407

6.	Lunching for the Republic	418
	Being and becoming republican	423
	Not lunching with Thomas Keneally	435
	Postmodern republican non-nationalism	443
	The very idea of a national debate	453
	Notes	465

Bibliography

472

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

.

1.1	Mother and child at Blacktown Westpoint,	
	1977 or 1978.	151
1.2	Mother and child as sociological text:	
	The Shopping Centre as a Community Leisure	
	Resource.	154
1.3	Postcard, Indooroopilly Shoppingtown,	
	Brisbane, 1985.	158
1.4	Fortitude Valley Plaza Walkway,	
	Brisbane, 1985.	170
1.5	Entrance to Green Hills, East Maitland,	
	1985.	172
1.6	Green Hills sign, 1985.	179
4.1	AWA Building, Sydney, 1937	276
4.2	"King Kong, The Moment of Final Decision"	
	PM Advertising, 1989.	278
4.3	"King Kong Drops Fay Gray", PM Advertising,	
	1989.	279
4.4	<u>King Kong No Gyakushu</u> , Toho, 1967	289
4.5	The Human Fly: Castle in the Clouds!	
	Marvel Comics, 1977	310
4.6	Chris Hilton on the face of Sydney Tower	
	A Spire, Riverheart Productions, 1988	318

.

ABSTRACT

As cultural studies has consolidated its claim to constitute a distinct field of study in recent years, debate has intensified about its characteristic objects, concepts and methods, if any, and, therefore, its relationship to traditional disciplines in the Humanities and Social Sciences.

In <u>History in Australian Popular Culture 1972-1995</u>, I focus on an intersection of cultural studies with history. However, I do not debate the competing claims of "history" and "cultural studies" as academic projects. Rather, I examine the role played by historical discourse <u>in</u> popular cultural practices, and how those practices contest and modify public debate <u>about</u> history; I take "historical discourse" to include argument about as well as representation of the past, and so to involve a rhetorical dimension of desire and suasive force that varies according to social contexts of usage. Therefore, in this thesis I do cultural studies empirically by asking what people say and do in the <u>name</u> of history in everyday contexts of work and leisure, and what is at stake in public as well as academic "theoretical" discussion of the meaning and value of history for Australians today.

Taking tourism and television ("public culture") as my major research fields, I argue that far from abolishing historical consciousness -- as the "mass" dimension of popular culture is so often said to do -- these distinct but globally

ix

interlocking cultural industries have emerged in Australian conditions as major sites of historical contestation and pedagogy.

Tourism and television are, of course, trans-national industries which impact on the living-space (and time) of local communities and blur the national boundaries so often taken to define the coherence of both "history" and "culture" in the modern period. I argue, however, that the historical import of these industries includes the <u>use</u> of the social and cultural spaces they make available by people seeking to publicise their own arguments with the past, their criticisms of the present, and their projects for the future; this usage is what I call "popular culture", and it can include properly historical criticism of the power of tourism and television to disrupt or destroy a particular community's sense of its past.

From this it follows that in this thesis I defend cultural studies as a practice which, far from participating in a "death" or "killing" of history, is capable of accounting in specific ways for the liveliness of historical debate in Australia today.

х