LEARNING AS BECOMING: THE SUBJECT, BODY AND KNOWING IN LEARNING

Amina Singh

A thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences University of Technology Sydney

Certificate of authorship

I certify that the work presented in this dissertation has not previously been

submitted for a degree nor has it been submitted as part of requirements for

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I also certify that the thesis has been written by me. Any help that I have

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i

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Contents

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	III
ABSTRACT	VIII
CHAPTER 1 WHAT IS THERE TO LEARN ABOUT LEARNING?	
1.2 GENESIS OF THE RESEARCH: THE WOMAN WHO DID NOT LEARN	1
1.3 Theories of learning	5
1.3.1 What counts as learning?	5
1.3.2 Life as the context of learning	7
1.3.3 Learning from lives	10
1.3.4 Learning as becoming	12
1.3.5 Becoming in Deleuze and Guattari's work	15
1.4 CONCEPTUALISING LEARNING AS BECOMING	18
1.5 Research questions	20
1.6 Research approach	21
1.7 SUMMARY OF OUTCOMES AND SIGNIFICANCE OF STUDY	22
1.8 Organisation of the thesis	23
CHAPTER 2 LEARNING IN EXPERIENCE	_
2.2 Experience in educational research	27
2.2.1 Relational ontology in learning and experience	30
2.3 The subject of learning	35
2.3.1 Key issues in post-structuralist accounts of the subject	38
2.4 Body and embodiment	42
2.4.1 The natural body	43
2.4.2 The inscribed and the lived body	46
2.4.3 The enacted body	49
2.5 Knowing in learning	50
2.6 CONCLUSION	56
CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY: DOING POST-QUALITATIVE INQUIRY	
3.2 REVISITING THE RESEARCH QUESTIONS	
3.3 RESEARCH APPROACH	
3.3.1 Encountering the limits of conventional qualitative inquiry	
3.3.2 Post-qualitative inquiry	
2.4 Deceaped decica and implementation	75

3.4.1 Site of the study	76
3.4.2 Negotiating access and recruitment of participants	76
3.4.3 Guided conversation	79
3.4.4 Data preparation, analysis and presentation	84
3.4.5 Ethical concerns in research implementation	88
3.5 CONCLUSION	91
CHAPTER 4 NARRATIVES OF PERSONAL CHANGE	
4.2 Introduction to the eight participants	93
4.2.1 Kala's story of shifting relations	94
4.2.2 Beena's journey of becoming educated	
4.2.3 Shanta's story of resistance and change	97
4.2.4 Kabita's new identity	99
4.2.5 Rama's story of speaking	
4.2.6 Gita's narrative of widowhood	
4.2.7 Anju's becoming 'woman'	103
4.2.8 Radha's ways of knowing the world	104
4.3 Stories in analysis	106
4.4 CONCLUSION	108
CHAPTER 5 SUBJECTS IN LEARNING: NOMADIC MULTIPLICITIES	
5.2 Issues in theorising the subject	110
5.2.1 The multiplicity of subjectivity	113
5.2.2 The nomadic subjects	118
5.2.3 Woman and subjectivity: gendering through material practices	126
5.3 Conclusion: subjects in learning	133
CHAPTER 6 BODIES IN LEARNING: AFFECT AND DESIRING ASSEMBLAGES	
6.2 Rethinking the body	139
6.3 THE BODY AS AN ASSEMBLAGE: WHAT CAN THE BODY DO?	141
6.3.1 The concept of assemblage	143
6.3.2 Gita's experience of embodying 'widowhood'	145
6.3.3 'Widow' as an inscribed body	
6.3.4 'Widow' as a bodily assemblage	151
6.4 The affecting body	
6.4.1 Kala's affecting body	157
6.5 Bodies as desiring machines	162
6.6 Conclusion: bodies in learning	168

CHAPTER 7 KNOWING IN LEARNING: IMAGINATION, DESIRE AN KNOWING	
7.1 Introduction	
7.2 Thinking about knowing	175
7.3 Knowing the world in experience	180
7.3.1 Knowing in Spinoza's imagination	
7.4 EMERGENCE OF 'SELF' IN EXPERIENCE	189
7.4.1 Emergence of the gendered self	192
7.5 Knowing as a desiring process of mattering in the world	196
7.6 Conclusion: knowing in learning	205
CHAPTER 8 CONCLUSIONS: LEARNING AS BECOMING	
8.2 Subject, body and knowing in becoming	212
8.3 Theoretical implications in conceptualising learning as become	
8.3.1 Learning as becoming as the enhanced complexity of bodil	y composition in experience
	217
8.3.2 Transformation occurs through shifts in our relational con	nposition in our ongoing
becoming	218
8.3.4 Context shapes the constituting process of becoming through	gh its own emergence 220
8.3.5 Learning in life is emergent	221
8.4 Significance of the study	221
8.5 Issues for further exploration	222
APPENDIX A INFORMATION SHEET	225
1. Nepali version	225
2. English translation	227
APPENDIX B PARTICIPANTS' STORIES OF BECOMINGKALA'S STORY	
Beena's story	232
Shanta's story	238
Kabita's story	242
Rama's story	245
GITA'S STORY	249
Anju's story	254
RADHA'S STORY	258
PERFERENCES	0.00

Abstract

This thesis offers a conceptualisation of how individuals learn in experience in their everyday lives by locating learning in individual accounts of personal change. Framed by Karen Barad's concept of intra-action grounded in onto-epistemology, the inquiry understands learning as a continuous process that shapes us towards becoming who we are and what we do in our everyday lives. The thesis locates learning in interactions in the immediate world as an ongoing process of becoming in life. The fluid nature of interactions means that objects and subjects do not exist prior to engagement but emerge as a result of it. By giving ontological privilege to relations instead of forms of being, this approach disrupts notions of the stable subject, the essential body and reified knowledge in learning.

The research employs a post qualitative approach, applying diffractive analysis to read the life experiences of change of eight female participants from different parts of Nepal. In asking 'How does learning work?' in the participants' narratives, the thesis argues for and explicates the nature of three interconnected dimensions of learning: the subject, the body and the process of knowing.

Drawing on ideas from Deleuze and Guattari and Spinoza, the thesis argues that the subject in learning can be explicated as a nomadic multiplicity, consistently in motion and constituted through material discursive intra-actions. The body is conceptualised as a desiring assemblage of material and discursive elements that constantly shift by affecting others and by being affected. Knowing is an emergent process of coming to matter in the world through becoming. Knowing is becoming.

Through four linked propositions the thesis presents an account of learning as becoming as an emergent ongoing phenomenon characterised by expansion in the complexity of the bodily composition. Bodily complexity changes through shifts in the relational composition with respect to the immediate milieu in which it is situated. In the process of this bodily becoming, the context in which it is situated also emerges.

The significance of this study lies in its theoretical contribution to reconceptualising the notion of learning as a process of becoming in ways that allow us to better understand the processes of learning in everyday life and the possibilities of personal change.