

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY

Topic-based Analysis for Technology Intelligence

Hongshu Chen

A thesis submitted for the Degree of
Doctor of Philosophy



University of Technology, Sydney
January, 2016

Copyright © 2016 by Hongshu Chen. All Rights Reserved.

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORSHIP/ORIGINALITY

This thesis is the result of a research candidature conducted jointly with another University as part of a collaborative Doctoral degree. I certify that the work in this thesis has not previously been submitted for a degree nor has it been submitted as part of requirements for a degree except as part of the collaborative doctoral degree and/or fully acknowledged within the text.

I also certify that the thesis has been written by me. Any help that I have received in my research work and the preparation of the thesis itself has been acknowledged. In addition, I certify that all information sources and literature used are indicated in the thesis.

Signature of Candidate

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First and foremost I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my supervisors, Prof. *Jie Lu* and Prof. *Guangquan Zhang*, who not only offered me a unique opportunity to study in UTS, but also have provided tremendous guidance and support for my research and life in the past four years. I still remember the first day I met Prof. *Jie Lu* in her office, she knew that I was so nervous to step into a new area of research, thus told me, “doing research is just like climbing up a mountain, the higher you go, the more beautiful scenery you will see”. Her enthusiasm for research and the excellent example she has provided as a successful researcher were so motivational, has become my life treasure. I also would like to thank Prof. *Guangquan Zhang* for all his continuous guidance, contribution of ideas, time, and discussions during my study. Both of my supervisors have supported me academically and emotionally through the road to finish my PhD study. Their respectful personality and precise academic attitude have benefited me so much. Without their excellent supervision and continuous encouragement, this thesis could not have been finished on time. I really appreciate all the kind help from them.

As a dual-degree PhD student, I would like to express my earnest thanks to my supervisor in the Beijing Institute of Technology (BIT), Professor *Donghua Zhu*, who gave me an enormous amount of help and support since the year 2009. I have significantly benefited from his invaluable suggestions and support. Without his kind help and professional supervision, this research could not have been accomplished either.

My experience at the Decision Systems and e-Service Intelligent (DeSI) Lab in the centre for Quantum Computation and Intelligent Systems (QCIS), has been more than amazing. The great lab members of mine have contributed immensely to my professional

and personal time at UTS. I would like to thank all the friends that provide me with kind support during my PhD study. Especially, I would like to acknowledge Dr. *Dianhuang Wu*, Mr. *Junyu Xuan*, Mr. *Fan Dong* and Mr. *Yi Zhang* for their help and advice on my experiments. In addition, I am grateful to all members of the Knowledge Management and Data Analysis lab, School of Management & Economics, BIT. Thanks for all their support and help.

I gratefully acknowledge the funding sources that made my research possible. Special thanks go to China Scholarship Council and UTS. Furthermore, thanks to QCIS Travel Fund, FEIT Travel Fund, Vice-Chancellor's Postgraduate Conference Fund for providing me with financial support for international conferences travelling. I also would like to express my sincere thanks to Ms. *Sue Felix* and Ms. *Jemima Moore* for helping me to correct English presentation problems in my publications.

I want to dedicate this thesis to my grandfather, who has passed away in year 2005, just before I received my college acceptance letter. He has always told me how much he treasured me, trusted me and loved me, and how important for a person to be educated, which shaped my values and made me the person that I am today.

Last but not least, I would like to thank my family for their continuous support during my PhD study. I have amazing parents, who have provided me with unconditional support and encouragement all these years. My family is my energy source and the harbour of my heart.

I love both of you, Mom and Dad.

Hongshu Chen

7th January 2016
At Sydney

ABSTRACT

Since the past several decades, scientific literature, patents and other semi-structured technology indicators have been generating and accumulating at a very rapid rate. Their growth provides a wealth of information regarding technology development in both the public and private domain. However, it has also caused increasingly severe information overload problems whereby researchers, analysts and decision makers are not able to read, summarize and understand massive technical documents and records manually. The concept and tools of technology intelligence aims to handle this issue.

In the current technology intelligence research, one of the big challenges is that, the frameworks and applications of existing technology intelligence conducted semantic content analysis and temporal trend estimation separately, lacking a comprehensive perspective on trend analysis of the detailed content within an area. In addition, existing research of technology intelligence is mainly constructed on the fundamentals of semantic properties of the semi-structured technology indicators; however, single keywords and their ranking alone, are too general or ambiguous to represent complex concepts and their corresponding temporal patterns. Thirdly, systematic post-processing, forecasting and evaluation on both content analysis and trend identification outputs are still in great demand, for diverse and flexible technological decision support and opportunity discovery.

This research aims to handle these three challenges in both theoretical and practical aspects. It first quantitatively defines and presents temporal characteristics and semantic properties of typical semi-structured technology indicators. Then this thesis proposes a framework of topic-based technology intelligence, with three main functionalities, including data-driven trend identification, topic discovery and comprehensive topic

evaluation, to synthetically process and analyse technological publication count sequence, textual data and metadata of target technology indicators. To achieve the three functionalities, this research proposes an empirical technology trend analysis method to extract temporal trend turning points and trend segments, which help with producing a more reasonable time-based measure; a topic-based technological forecasting method to first discover and characterize the semantic knowledge underlying in massive textual data of technology indicators, meanwhile estimating the future trends of the discovered topics; a comprehensive topic evaluation method that links metadata and discovered topics, to provide integrated landscape and technological insight in depth. In order to demonstrate the proposed topic-based technology intelligence framework and all the related methods, this research presents case studies with both patents and scientific literature. Experimental results on Australian patents, United States patents and scientific papers from Web of Science database, showed that the proposed framework and methods are well-suited in dealing with semi-structured technology indicators analysis, and can provide valuable topic-based knowledge to facilitate further technological decision making or opportunity discovery with good performance.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|---|------|
| CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORSHIP/ORIGINALITY | i |
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS | i |
| ABSTRACT | iii |
| TABLE OF CONTENTS..... | v |
| LIST OF FIGURES..... | x |
| LIST OF TABLES..... | xiii |
| CHAPTER 1 Introduction | 1 |
| 1.1 Background | 1 |
| 1.2 Research Questions and Objectives | 3 |
| 1.2.1 Research Questions | 3 |
| 1.2.2 Research Objectives | 5 |
| 1.3 Research Significance | 8 |
| 1.3.1 Theoretical Significance | 8 |
| 1.3.2 Practical Significance..... | 9 |
| 1.4 Research Methodology and Process..... | 10 |
| 1.4.1 Research Methodology | 10 |
| 1.4.2 Research Process | 12 |
| 1.5 Thesis Structure | 13 |
| 1.6 Publications Related to This Thesis | 14 |
| CHAPTER 2 Literature Review | 17 |
| 2.1 Technology Intelligence..... | 17 |
| 2.1.1 Concept and Framework of Technology Intelligence..... | 17 |
| 2.1.2 Technology Intelligence in Practice..... | 20 |
| 2.1.3 Tech Mining..... | 21 |

| | |
|--|----|
| 2.2 Technology Indicators..... | 22 |
| 2.2.1 Patent..... | 23 |
| 2.2.2 Patent Claims | 25 |
| 2.2.3 Scientific Literature..... | 26 |
| 2.3 Empirical Technology Trend Analysis and Forecasting | 27 |
| 2.3.1 Curve Fitting Based Approaches | 28 |
| 2.3.2 Other Approaches | 30 |
| 2.3.3 Piecewise Linear Representation | 32 |
| 2.4 Topic Modelling | 34 |
| 2.4.1 Semantic Space | 35 |
| 2.4.2 Latent Dirichlet Allocation | 36 |
| 2.4.3 Topic Modelling in Tech Mining..... | 38 |
| 2.5 Summary | 39 |
| CHAPTER 3 Framework of Topic-based Technology Intelligence | 41 |
| 3.1 Introduction..... | 41 |
| 3.2 The Limitations of Existing Technology Intelligence Frameworks | 42 |
| 3.3 Temporal Characteristics and Semantic Properties of Technology Indicators .. | 44 |
| 3.4 Framework Description..... | 48 |
| 3.4.1 Input and Output | 48 |
| 3.4.2 Topic-based Technology Intelligence..... | 50 |
| 3.4.3 Conceptual Model of Topic-based Technology Intelligence..... | 51 |
| 3.4.4 Overall Framework Description | 54 |
| 3.5 Description of the Framework Components..... | 57 |
| 3.5.1 Trend Identification Component..... | 58 |
| 3.5.2 Topic Discovery Component | 60 |
| 3.5.3 Comprehensive Topic Evaluation Component | 62 |
| 3.6 Summary | 64 |
| CHAPTER 4 Empirical Technology Trend Analysis Method..... | 65 |
| 4.1 Introduction..... | 65 |
| 4.2 Data Preparation for TTA Method | 67 |
| 4.2.1 Outsider Exclusion..... | 67 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| 4.2.2 Parameter Setup for Piecewise Linear Representation | 68 |
| 4.3 TTA Method and Afterwards Trend Forecasting | 71 |
| 4.3.1 Trend Turning Points Identification | 71 |
| 4.3.2 Trend Segments Identification | 72 |
| 4.3.3 Trend Movement Intensity | 73 |
| 4.3.4 TTA-based Trend Forecasting | 74 |
| 4.4 Case Study 1: Patent Data in IP Australia | 75 |
| 4.4.1 Data Sets | 76 |
| 4.4.2 Outliers Exclusion | 76 |
| 4.4.3 Trend States and Trend Turning Points Identification | 77 |
| 4.5 Case Study 2: Patent Data in USPTO | 79 |
| 4.5.1 Data Collection and Parameter Setting | 79 |
| 4.5.2 Trend Forecasting for Telecommunications Technologies | 81 |
| 4.5.3 Trend Forecasting for Solar Cell Technologies | 84 |
| 4.5.4 Trend Forecasting for Radar-related Technologies in USPC 342 | 87 |
| 4.5.5 Comparison and Discussion | 90 |
| 4.6 Summary | 95 |
| CHAPTER 5 Topic-based Technological Forecasting Method and afterwards Content | |
| Analysis | 97 |
| 5.1 Introduction | 97 |
| 5.2 Patent Crawling and Cleaning | 98 |
| 5.3 Topic-based Technological Forecasting Method | 101 |
| 5.3.1 Method Framework | 101 |
| 5.3.2 Topic Modelling | 104 |
| 5.3.3 Topic-based Technological Forecasting and Analysis | 105 |
| 5.4 Case Study of Topic-based Technological Forecasting by Patent Data | 108 |
| 5.4.1 Trend Pattern Identification | 109 |
| 5.4.2 Topic Modelling and Prominent Topic Selection | 110 |
| 5.4.3 Topic Annual Weight Matrix and Topic-based Trend Coefficients Estimation | |
| | 112 |
| 5.4.4 Topic-based Trend Forecasting and Analysis | 113 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| 5.4.5 Discussion | 116 |
| 5.5 Technological Topic Change Identification Approach | 117 |
| 5.5.1 Framework of the TTCI Approach | 117 |
| 5.5.2 Topic Modelling..... | 119 |
| 5.5.3 Topic Change Identification Model | 120 |
| 5.5.4 Case Study of TTCI Approach by Patent Data | 122 |
| 5.6 Fuzzy Number-based Technological Trend Measurement Approach | 128 |
| 5.6.1 Framework of the FTTM Approach..... | 128 |
| 5.6.2 Fuzzy Set..... | 130 |
| 5.6.3 Topic Weight Estimation | 131 |
| 5.6.4 Fuzzy-based Technological Development Measurement | 131 |
| 5.6.5 Case Study of FTTM Approach by Patent Data | 134 |
| 5.7 Summary | 138 |
| CHAPTER 6 Topic Detection and Comprehensive Evaluation Method | 139 |
| 6.1 Introduction..... | 139 |
| 6.2 Methodology Framework..... | 141 |
| 6.3 Topic Modelling | 143 |
| 6.3.1 Parameters Setting | 143 |
| 6.3.2 Final Topic Set Determination..... | 145 |
| 6.4 Topic Evaluation Indices | 146 |
| 6.4.1 Topic Weight Index | 147 |
| 6.4.2 Topic Trend Index..... | 147 |
| 6.4.3 Topic Activeness Index..... | 149 |
| 6.4.4 Topic-based Citation..... | 149 |
| 6.4.5 Topic-based Prominent Topics and Documents Identification Using Metadata | 151 |
| 6.5 Case study: Dye-sensitized Solar Cells Scientific Literature | 151 |
| 6.5.1 Data | 151 |
| 6.5.2 Scientific Literature Text Cleaning..... | 152 |
| 6.5.3 Parameters Setting and Final Topic Set Determination | 153 |
| 6.5.4 Topic Evaluation Result..... | 154 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| 6.5.5 Topic-based Evaluation Maps..... | 156 |
| 6.5.6 Prominent Topics and Papers Analysis..... | 160 |
| 6.5.7 Discussion | 165 |
| 6.6 Summary | 166 |
| CHAPTER 7 Conclusions and Further Study | 167 |
| 7.1 Conclusions..... | 167 |
| 7.2 Further Study | 171 |
| References | 173 |
| Abbreviations | 186 |
| Appendix | 187 |

LIST OF FIGURES

| | |
|---|----|
| Figure 1-1. The methodology of design research of this thesis | 11 |
| Figure 1-2. Thesis structure..... | 13 |
| Figure 2-1. Technology intelligence service define by Savioz (2004) | 19 |
| Figure 2-2. The technology intelligence process defined by Kerr at al. (2006)..... | 20 |
| Figure 2-3. An example of curve fitting approaches in technology forecasting | 29 |
| Figure 2-4. Comparison of growth curves, PLR-based approaches and time series analysis | 33 |
| Figure 2-5. Brief introduction of the ‘semantic space’ of topic modelling..... | 35 |
| Figure 2-6. The graphical model of Latent Dirichlet Allocation | 37 |
| Figure 3-1. The three-dimensional schematic structure of the semantic property and temporal characteristic | 46 |
| Figure 3-2. ‘Topics’ and ‘Trend Segments’ | 48 |
| Figure 3-3. Schematic diagram of the input and output of the topic-based technology intelligence | 50 |
| Figure 3-4. Brief introduction of topic-based technology intelligence | 51 |
| Figure 3-5. The Conceptual model of topic-based technology intelligence..... | 53 |
| Figure 3-6. Framework of topic-based technology intelligence..... | 56 |
| Figure 3-7. Details of the trend identification component | 59 |
| Figure 3-8. Details of the topic discovery component | 61 |
| Figure 3-9. Details of the comprehensive topic evaluation component..... | 63 |
| Figure 4-1. An example of PLR threshold setup..... | 70 |
| Figure 4-2. An example of transforming original data to trend segments step by step | 73 |
| Figure 4-3. The detailed process of the TTA-based trend forecasting..... | 75 |
| Figure 4-4. The outliers exclusion for ICT patent count sequence | 77 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| Figure 4-5. Original data, PLR segmentation and trend segments of technologies in ICT industry | 78 |
| Figure 4-6. Normalized original and cumulative patent data in the case study | 80 |
| Figure 4-7. PLR threshold setup for the three technologies in the case study | 81 |
| Figure 4-8. Original data, PLR segmentation result and trend segments of telecommunication technologies | 82 |
| Figure 4-9. The forecasting result of the trend segments of Telecommunication technologies | 84 |
| Figure 4-10. Original data, PLR segmentation result and trend segments of solar cell technologies solar cell technologies | 85 |
| Figure 4-11. The forecasting result of the trend segments of solar cell technologies | 87 |
| Figure 4-12. Original data, PLR segmentation result and trend segments of radar-related technologies | 88 |
| Figure 4-13. The forecasting result of the trend segments of radar-related technologies | 90 |
| Figure 4-14. The growth curves fitting result for the three technologies | 92 |
| Figure 4-15. Experimental comparison between the proposed approach and the growth curves model | 93 |
| Figure 5-1. An example of webpage crawling result | 100 |
| Figure 5-2. Framework for the topic-based technological forecasting method | 103 |
| Figure 5-3. An example of topic distribution matrix in chronological order | 107 |
| Figure 5-4. The trend turning points and trend segments generated from patenting activities | 109 |
| Figure 5-5. The curve fitting result for topic trend estimation of the 10 selected topics | 114 |
| Figure 5-6. The framework of the proposed technological topic change identification approach | 118 |
| Figure 5-7. Relationships between sub-collections and topics | 119 |
| Figure 5-8. Topic change identification model | 120 |
| Figure 5-9. Topics became newly important in each year of 2010 to 2013 and topmost frequent words of each topic | 125 |
| Figure 5-10. An example of the topic “antibody” evolving over time | 126 |
| Figure 5-11. An example of the topic-based trend estimation of the theme “antibody” | 127 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| Figure 5-12. The framework of FTTM approach..... | 129 |
| Figure 5-13. Linguistic terms and their membership functions | 133 |
| Figure 5-14. Membership functions of linguistic terms in term set I..... | 136 |
| Figure 6-1. The framework of the topic detection and comprehensive evaluation method | 142 |
| Figure 6-2. An example of annual weight matrix | 148 |
| Figure 6-3. The log likelihood of the probability of the observation under models with different setting of the number of topics | 154 |
| Figure 6-4. The annual weight growth of the top 10 high weighted topic | 155 |
| Figure 6-5. The topic-based evaluation map based on weight, trend and activeness characteristics of DSSCs corpus | 157 |
| Figure 6-6. The topic-based citations map based on the total citation | 159 |
| Figure 6-7. The topic evaluation map based on weight, trend, activeness and topic-based citations of DSSCs corpus..... | 160 |
| Figure 6-8. Graphical illustration of the main content of the 6 prominent topics..... | 161 |
| Figure 6-9. The cumulative citation distribution of DSSCs corpus from year 1991 to 2014 | 162 |
| Figure 6-10. Publications country distribution of DSSCs corpus from year 1991 to 2014 | 164 |

LIST OF TABLES

| | |
|--|-----|
| Table 4-1. The detailed outliers' values of ICT patent count sequence | 77 |
| Table 4-2. Trend signal value and trend tags of ICT technologies in Australia..... | 79 |
| Table 4-3. Description of the data sets for case study 2 | 80 |
| Table 4-4. Curve fitting information for PLR threshold determination | 81 |
| Table 4-5. The trend segments information of Telecommunication technologies | 83 |
| Table 4-6. The trend segments information of solar cell technologies | 86 |
| Table 4-7. The trend segments information of radar-related technologies | 89 |
| Table 4-8. Growth curves selection for comparison experiments..... | 91 |
| Table 4-9. Forecasting result comparison | 94 |
| Table 5-1. The start and end of webpage source code while patent crawling..... | 99 |
| Table 5-2. The basic notations throughout this chapter | 105 |
| Table 5-3. Trend forecasting indicators and future trend estimation | 107 |
| Table 5-4. The trend turning points, document numbers, and term numbers for each trend segment..... | 110 |
| Table 5-5. The 50 topics generated from the patent claims collection and their weight indicator..... | 111 |
| Table 5-6. The annual weight matrix of the selected top 10 significant topics..... | 112 |
| Table 5-7. Topic-based trend coefficients for all 10 prominent topics | 113 |
| Table 5-8. The details of trend estimation for the 10 selected topics..... | 115 |
| Table 5-9. The number of documents, terms and USPC of patents published each year | 122 |
| Table 5-10. Linguistic terms and fuzzy numbers | 133 |
| Table 5-11. The Temporal-weight coefficients of topic 1 to topic 30 | 135 |
| Table 5-12. Development states measure result..... | 136 |
| Table 6-1. The number of documents, terms and subjects of documents each year | 152 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| Table 6-2. Similarity evaluation result for the final topic set selection | 154 |
| Table 6-3. The top 10 topics with the highest evaluation indices values | 156 |
| Table 6-4. Top 10 topics with the highest values (normalized) of the three indices..... | 158 |
| Table 6-5. Detected topics and the publications they covered | 163 |
| Table 6-6. The most contributory papers of the prominent topic set | 165 |